| Case | 5:15-cv-01921-R-KK | Document 68 | Filed 10/3 | 31/16 | Page 1 of 9 | Page ID #:2685 |
|------|---|-----------------|------------|--------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | | | |
| 1 | John D. Vaughn, Sta | te Bar No. 171 | 801 | | | |
| 2 | E-Mail: vaughn@pyflaw.com Jeffrey A. Feasby, State Bar No. 208759_ | | | | | |
| 3 | E-Mail: <u>feasby@pvf</u> PEREZ VAUGHN & | & FEASBY Inc | c. | | | |
| 4 | 600 B Street, Suite 2 San Diego, Californi | a 92101 | | | | |
| 5 | Telephone: 619-784- Facsimile: 619-460-0 | -3550 0437 | | | | |
| 6 | Jeffrey L. Fillerup, S | tate Bar No. 1 | 20543 | | | |
| 7 | E-Mail: jeff.fillerup@dentons.com Dentons US LLP | | | | | |
| 8 | One Market Plaza Sp 24th Floor | | | | | |
| 9 | San Francisco, California 94105 Telephone: 415.356.4625 | | | | | |
| 10 | Facsimile: 619.267.4 | 1198 | | | | |
| 11 | Attorneys for Defend | | | ıt | | |
| 12 | Windermere Real Es | tate Services (| Company | | | |
| 13 | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA | | | | | |
| 14 | | ENTRAL DI | STRICT | Or C | ALIFURNI | l A |
| 15 | BENNION & DEVI | | | Case 1 | No. 5:15-CV | -01921 R (KKx) |
| 16 | HOMES, INC., a Ca corporation, BENNI | ON & DEVIL | | Hon. I | Manuel L. Re | eal |
| 17 | FINE HOMES SOC. California corporatio SERVICES SOUTH | on, WINDERN | MERE . | | 'NID A NIT W | INDERMERE |
| 18 | CALIFORNIA, INC corporation, | | | | LIDANT W. LESTATE S | |
| 19 | Plaintiffs, | | | | | PPOSITION TO |
| 20 | | | | | | D COUNTER- MOTION FOR |
| 21 | v. WINDERMERE RE | AI ESTATE | 1 | PART | TIAL SUMM | IARY JUDGMENT |
| 22 | SERVICES COMPA corporation; and DO | | ngton I | Date: | November | 21, 2016 |
| 23 | Defendant. | LS 1-10 | | | 10:00 a.m. | |
| 24 | Defendant. | | | Jouru | room: 8 | |
| 25 | AND RELATED CO | OUNTERCLA | IMS | | | |
| 26 | | | | | | |
| 27 | | | | | | |
| 28 | | | | | | |

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Plaintiffs and counter-defendants Bennion & Deville Fine Homes SoCal, Inc. ("Fine Homes SoCal"), Windermere Services Southern California, Inc. ("WSSC") and counter-defendants Robert L. Bennion and Joseph R. Deville (collectively, "Counter-Defendants") bring this motion for partial summary judgment as a rifle shot, seeking to extricate themselves for specific portions of specific claims. As set forth in Counter-Defendant's notice of motion, Counter-Defendants are seeking partial summary judgment on three issues. However, disputed issues of material fact exist regarding issues two and three identified by Counter-Defendants such that the Court should deny Counter-Defendants' request for summary judgment as to those issues.¹

Specifically, regarding Counter-Defendants' issue two, that WSSC is entitled to partial summary judgment on the FACC's Second Cause of Action, paragraph 130, the evidence establishes that WSC suffered damages as a result of WSSC failure to collect fees owing by Fine Homes SoCal and plaintiff and counter-defendant Bennion & Deville Fine Homes, Inc. ("Fine Homes"). This failure breached WSSC's obligation to provide "prompt, courteous and efficient service" and to deal "fairly and honestly" with WSC. At the very least, there are disputed issues of material fact regarding this claim.

Disputed issues of material fact also exist regarding Counter-Defendants' issue three, whether Bennion, Deville, Fine Homes SoCal, or WSSC, can be liable for failure to cease using the Windermere name and trademarks. First, Bennion and Deville personally guaranteed Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal's performance of their contractual obligations, including their obligations to cease using the Windermere name and trademarks. Moreover, the evidence establishes that Fine

¹ WSC hereby abandons any claim asserted in the FACC's Fourth Cause of Action that WSSC is liable under the liquidated damages provision of the Modification Agreement. This is the first issue identified in Counter-Defendants' motion.

ase

1 2

Homes, Fine Homes SoCal, and WSSC all continue to use the Windermere name. Therefore, summary judgment is not proper on this issue.

For these reasons, and for those set forth more fully below, Counter-Defendants' motion for partial summary judgment on issues two and three as set forth in their notice of motion should be denied.

II. <u>LEGAL ARGUMENT</u>

A. Disputed Issue of Fact Exist Regarding Whether the Damages Sustained by WSC Were the Result of WSSC's Breaches of Contract as Set Forth in Paragraph 130 of the FACC

Paragraph 130 of the FACC's Second Cause of Action alleges that WSSC breached the Area Representation Agreement by failing to provide "prompt, courteous and efficient service" to Windermere franchisees and by failing to deal "fairly and honestly" with members of the Windermere System as required by Section 3 of that agreement. Counter-Defendants argue that they are entitled to summary judgment regarding this alleged breach because WSC cannot establish damages resulting therefrom. Counter-Defendants support their argument by claiming that the only proof damages that WSC has provided through discovery and its expert disclosures are fees owing by Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal under their respective franchise agreements. This argument ignores that these damages were also the result of WSSC's failure to collect those fees due to Bennion and Deville's choice to spend lavishly on themselves rather than have WSSC use its best efforts to collect those amounts.

WSC's corporate representatives and its damages expert identified damages sustained because of WSSC failure to make best efforts to collect fees from Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal as required under the Area Representation Agreement. (Feasby Decl. Ex. G, Oster Dep. pp. 21-24; Docket No. 67 (Adams Decl.) Ex. H, pp. 55, 61-65 of 206; Feasby Decl., Ex. B, § 3.) In addition, WSC's franchising expert concluded that WSSC's failure to collect fees owing by Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal was a breach of industry standards. (Docket No. 67

1 | (2 | t 3 | c 4 | V

5

6

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

(Adams Decl.) Ex. H, pp. 105-106 of 206.) These breaches of contract and failures to meet industry standards breached WSSC's obligation to provide prompt, courteous and efficient service and to deal fairly and honestly with members of the Windermere system – to wit, WSC. At the very least, there are disputed issues of material fact regarding this claim. Therefore, summary judgment is not appropriate.

B. Counter-Defendants Used WSC's Trademarks After They Terminated the Applicable Agreements

8 After the termination of the Area Representation Agreement, and after 9 Counter-Defendants terminated the franchise agreements, Counter-Defendants were 10 required to immediately cease using any of WSC's trademarks or the "Windermere" 11 name. Counter-Defendants argue that the are entitled to summary judgment because all the internet domain names at issue were registered solely to Fine Homes. 12 13 However, Bennion and Deville personally guaranteed Fine Homes' performance under its franchise agreement. Therefore, to the extent Fine Homes breached that 14 15 agreement by failing to cease use of the domains, or by failing to promptly transfer or surrender those domains – none of which is at issue for purposes of Counter-16 17 Defendants' motion – Bennion and Deville are also liable for those breaches. Moreover, record evidence shows that Fine Homes SoCal and WSSC are still using 18

the "Windermere" name and other WSC trademarks.

1. <u>Counter-Defendants Were Required to Stop Using WSC's Trademark and the Windermere Name Upon Termination of the Agreements</u>

Both Fine Homes and Fines Homes Socal's franchise agreements, as well as WSSC's Area Representation Agreement, required Counter-Defendants, upon termination of the agreements, to discontinue all use of WSC's trademarks, the "Windermere" name, and all variations thereof. (WSC's Additional Facts ("AF") No. 50; Declaration of Jeffrey A. Feasby ("Feasby Decl.") ¶ 3, Ex. A, Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement § 7; ¶ 4, Ex. B, Area Representation Agreement § 6; ¶ 5, Ex. C, Southern California Franchise Agreement § 9.) Upon termination of the

Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement, Fine Homes was required to "discontinue all use of the Trademark, the name 'Windermere Real Estate,' or variations of the name, including the name 'Windermere.'" (Feasby Decl. Ex. A, Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement § 7.) The SoCal Franchise Agreement states that, upon termination, Fine Homes SoCal "shall immediately discontinue all use of the Trademark, the name 'Windermere,'" and all variations of the "Windermere" name. (Feasby Decl., Ex. C, Sothern California Franchise Agreement § 9.) Similarly, the Area Representation Agreement states that, upon termination, WSSC "will change its name to a name not containing any reference to Windermere or Windermere Real Estate and will discontinue all use or reference to the tradename or Trademark." (Feasby Decl. Ex. B, Area Representation Agreement § 6.)

WSC's First Amended Counter Claim ("FACC") alleges that Counter-Defendants continued to use WSC's trademarks and the "Windermere" name after termination of the agreements. (D.E. 16, ¶¶ 118-126; 133-141; 148-157.) In their motion, Counter-Defendants do not dispute that they were required to stop using all WSC Trademarks and stop using the "Windermere" name immediately upon termination of the Agreements. The motion also does not contend that Fine Homes did not WSC's trademarks and/or the "Windermere" name after termination of the Agreements. Instead, Counter-Defendants argue that only Fine Homes could use the trademark and/or "Windermere" name in breach of the Agreements because Fine Homes registered domain names using the "Windermere" name. (D.E. 67, pp. 13-14.) This argument is without merit as established by the additional facts set forth below.

2. <u>Bennion and Deville Personally Guaranteed Performance of the Franchise Agreements</u>

Counter-Defendants do not contend that Fine Homes did not use WSC's trademarks and/or the "Windermere" name after the Agreements were terminated. Instead, they argue that Bennion and Deville cannot be liable under WSC's claim

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

for breach of contract for failure to cease use of the Windermere name and marks since they did not register the domain names at issue. However, Bennion and Deville personally guarantee performance of the Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement and the SoCal Franchise Agreement. Therefore, Bennion and Deville can be personally liable for Fine Homes' and Fine Homes SoCal's continued use of the Windermere name marks after termination of the franchise agreements.

The original Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement did not contain any personal guarantees. (Feasby Decl. Ex. A.) However, through seven addenda to that agreement, and two subsequent agreements, Bennion and Deville personally guaranteed Fine Homes' performance of the Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement. (AF No. 51, Feasby Decl. ¶¶ 10-12, Exs. H-J.) On each of these nine occasions, Bennion and Deville agreed they were personally responsible for performance of the Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement. (*Id.*) Consequently, Bennion and Deville are liable for Fine Homes' breaches of the Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement, including without limitation, its continued use of Windermere name and marks after termination of the Coachella Valley Franchise Agreement.

The SoCal Franchise Agreement also contains personal guarantees. Appendix 2 of the SoCal Franchise Agreement, entitled "Personal Guaranty," states that Bennion and Deville "absolutely and irrevocably guarantee[] to and for the benefit of WSC and Area Representative the full, prompt and complete payment and performance" of B&D Fine Homes SoCal's obligations under the SoCal Franchise (AF No. 52, Feasby Decl. Ex. C, Southern California Franchise Agreement. Agreement, Appendix 2.) As discussed below, Fine Homes SoCal is still using the "Windermere" name in violation of the SoCal Franchise Agreement. Accordingly, Bennion and Deville are personally liable for Fine Homes SoCal's breach of the SoCal Franchise Agreement.

Counter-Defendants may argue that the Agreement Modifying Windermere Real Estate Franchise License Agreements ("Modification Agreement") relieved

them from liability pursuant to their personal guarantees. Under the Modification Agreement, WSC agreed to, *inter alia*, forgive and/or waive certain license and other fees Counter-Defendants owed under the franchise agreements. (Feasby Decl. ¶ 13, Ex. K, Modification Agreement § 3.) In addition to forgiving fees owed by Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal, WSC agreed that neither Bennion or Deville would be personally liable for the amounts forgiven in the Modification Agreement. (*Id.*, Modification Agreement § 3(G).) Importantly, this modification of the personal guarantee applied *only to amounts owed under the franchise agreements prior to April 1, 2012*. It did not modify the guarantee of performance, and did not affect the guarantee of performance or payment after April 1, 2012. (AF No. 53.) Consequently, Bennion and Deville are still personally liable for Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal's performance of the franchise agreements.

Bennion and Deville personally guaranteed performance of both franchise agreements, and are therefore liable for Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal's breaches of those agreements. Because there are disputed issues of material fact regarding whether Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal breached either of the franchise agreements by failing to cease use of the Windermere name and marks, there are also disputed issues of material fact regarding whether Bennion and Deville are liable for any breach(es) by Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal of the franchise agreements. Therefore, summary judgment should be denied on these claims against Bennion and Deville.

3. <u>B&D Fine Homes and B&D Fine Homes So Cal are Still Using the "Windermere" Name</u>

On October 1, 2016, the day after the effective date of Fine Homes SoCal's termination of the SoCal Franchise Agreement, counsel for WSC informed Counter-Defendants that their continued use of the "Windermere" name and marks violated the SoCal Franchise Agreement. (D.E. 16-17, Ex. Q.) Receiving no response, counsel for WSC sent another notice the following day. (D.E. 16-18, Ex. R.)

2

Despite these notifications and this ongoing litigation, Fine Homes SoCal continues to use the "Windermere" name in violation of the SoCal Franchise Agreement.

To become licensed as a real estate broker in California, corporations are

M.)

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

required to provide the California Department of Real Estate with information about their licenses, their corporation, and their operations, including all their fictitious business names (i.e. DBAs). See e.g., Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 10159.5 (requiring license holders to file fictitious business name statements). Information regarding corporations licensed as real estate brokers in California is available from the California Bureau of Real Estate's website. According to the California Bureau of Real Estate, Fine Homes is still using the fictitious business names "Windermere Real Estate Coachella Valley" and "Windermere Real Estate Southern California." (AF No. 54, Feasby Decl. ¶ 14, Ex. L.)² Similarly, Fine Homes SoCal is still doing business as "Windermere Real Estate SoCal." (AF No. 55, Feasby Decl. ¶ 15, Ex.

Because Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal are still using a fictitious business name that includes "Windermere," they are both in breach of their obligations under their franchise agreements. At the very least, there are disputed issues of material fact that preclude summary judgment.

4. WSSC is Still Using the "Windermere" Name

Just like Fine Homes and Fine Homes SoCal, WSSC is still using the "Windermere" name. According to the California Secretary of State website, WSSC is still an active corporation using the name "Windermere Services Southern California, Inc." with its principle place of business at 71691 Highway 111, Rancho Mirage, CA 92270, which is an address used by Fine Homes. (AF Nos. 56, Feasby

24 25

28

²⁶ 27

² Public records and documents printed from a website maintained by a public authority are self-authenticating. *Adams v. Carey*, No. 07-1878, 2009 WL 4895545, *2 (E.D. Cal. Dec. 11, 2009) (citing Fed. R. Evid. 902(5) and *Williams v. Long*, 585 F. Supp. 2d 679 (D.Md. 2008).)

5:15-cv-01921-R-KK Document 68 Filed 10/31/16 Page 9 of 9 Page ID #:2693

Decl. ¶ 16, Ex. N; AF No. 57, Feasby Decl. Ex. K, Modification Agreement § 13.) WSSC filed its most recent Statement of Information with the California Secretary of State on September 12, 2016, during the pendency of this action. (Feasby Decl. Ex. N.) Consequently, there is a disputed issue of fact regarding whether WSSC is still using the "Windermere" name in violation of the Area Representation Agreement. Therefore, summary judgment is also inappropriate on this issue.

III. **CONCLUSION**

For all the foregoing reasons, Counter-Defendants' motion for partial summary judgment on issues two and three as set forth in their notice of motion should be denied.

DATED: October 31, 2016 PEREZ VAUGHN & FEASBY Inc.

> By: /s/ Jeffrey A. Feasby Jeffrey A. Feasby Attorneys for Windermere Real Estate Services Company